

```

//Add ArduinoModbusSlave-master.zip file from "Sketch>Include
Library>Add .ZIP Library"
#include <ModbusSlave.h>

/* Wiring diagram
*
* Uno pin      RS-485 Breakout Board
*   0 (Rx)          TX
*   1 (Tx)          RX
*   2              RTS
*/
/*
*** for more information ***
www.usetecho.com
*/

/* Uno Pin      Modbus_Address      Read/Write
* AI0 A0        40001             R
* AI1 A1        40002             R
* AI2 A2        40003             R
* AI3 A3        40004             R
* ***           ***               *
* AO0 5         40005             R/W
* AO1 6         40006             R/W
*/
#define SLAVE_ID 1           // The Modbus slave ID, change to the ID
you want to use.
#define RS485_CTRL_PIN 2     // Change to the pin the RE/DE pin of the
RS485 controller is connected to.
#define SERIAL_BAUDRATE 9600 // Change to the baudrate you want to use
for Modbus communication. Data Length = 8, Parity = None, Stop Bit = 1
or 2
#define SERIAL_PORT Serial // Serial port to use for RS485
communication, change to the port you're using.

// Modbus object declaration
Modbus slave(SERIAL_PORT, SLAVE_ID, RS485_CTRL_PIN);

```

```

int16_t AI0 = 0, AI1 = 0, AI2 = 0, AI3 = 0;
int8_t AO0 = 0, AO1 = 0;

void setup()
{
    // Set the analog input pins. (Range: 0~1023, 10 bits resolution )
    pinMode(A0, INPUT);
    pinMode(A1, INPUT);
    pinMode(A2, INPUT);
    pinMode(A3, INPUT);

    // Set the analog Output pins. (Range: 0~255, 8 bits resolution)
    // PWM pin must be selected
    pinMode(5, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(6, OUTPUT);

    // Register functions to call when a certain function code is received.
    slave.cbVector[CB_READ_HOLDING_REGISTERS] = readMemory;
    slave.cbVector[CB_WRITE_HOLDING_REGISTERS] = writeMemory;

    // Set the serial port and slave to the given baudrate.
    SERIAL_PORT.begin(SERIAL_BAUDRATE);
    slave.begin(SERIAL_BAUDRATE);
}

void loop()
{
    // Listen for modbus requests on the serial port.
    // When a request is received it's going to get validated.
    // And if there is a function registered to the received function
    // code, this function will be executed.
    slave.poll();
}

// Handle the function code Read Holding Registers (FC=03) and write

```

```

back the values from the Analog channels (holding registers).
uint8_t readMemory(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length)
{
    if (address > 5 || (address + length) > 6) {
        return STATUS_ILLEGAL_DATA_ADDRESS;
    }

    else{
        AI0 = analogRead(A0);
        AI1 = analogRead(A1);
        AI2 = analogRead(A2);
        AI3 = analogRead(A3);
        int16_t analog[] = {AI0, AI1, AI2, AI3, A00, A01};
        for (uint8_t i = address; i < address + length; ++i){
            slave.writeRegisterToBuffer(i - address, analog[i]);
        }

        return STATUS_OK;
    }
}

// Handle the function codes Write Holding Register(s) (FC=06, FC=16)
uint8_t writeMemory(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length)
{
    if (address == 4) {
        if (length == 1){
            A00 = slave.readRegisterFromBuffer(0);
            analogWrite(5,A00);
            return STATUS_OK;
        }
        else if (length == 2){
            A00 = slave.readRegisterFromBuffer(0);
            A01 = slave.readRegisterFromBuffer(1);
            analogWrite(5,A00);
            analogWrite(6,A01);
            return STATUS_OK;
        }
        else{
            return STATUS_ILLEGAL_DATA_ADDRESS;
        }
    }
}

```

```
}

else if (address == 5) {
    if (length == 1) {
        AO1 = slave.readRegisterFromBuffer(0);
        analogWrite(6,AO1);
        return STATUS_OK;
    }
    else{
        return STATUS_ILLEGAL_DATA_ADDRESS;
    }
}
else{
    return STATUS_ILLEGAL_DATA_ADDRESS;
}
}
```